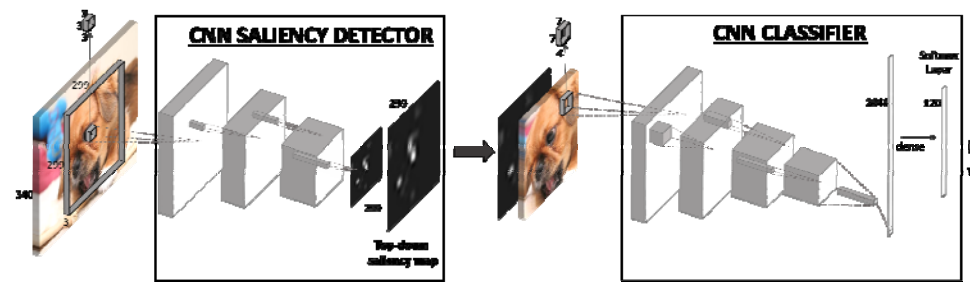


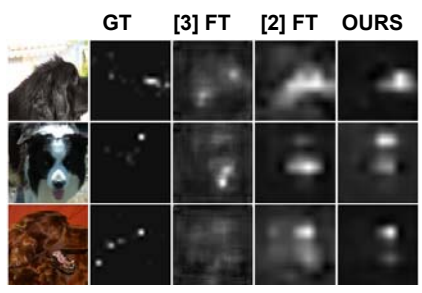
TOP-DOWN SALIENCY DETECTION DRIVEN BY VISUAL CLASSIFICATION

1. A saliency dataset containing about 10 K maps on the 120 Standard Dogs dataset [1]
2. A saliency detection method guided by a visual classification task.
3. A classification network able to exploit such task-based saliency maps in order to improve the fine-grained recognition performance.



Qualitative and Quantitative Performance Analysis

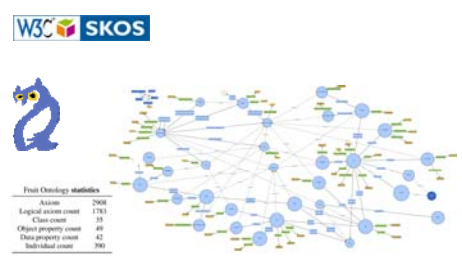
Saliency Dataset	
Number of images	9,861
Number of classes	120
Avg. number of images per class	82.2
Avg. number of fixation points per image	6.2



Dataset	Method	s-AUC	NSS	CC
OUR	SALICON FT[2]	0.837	3.899	0.428
OUR	SaINet FT[3]	0.817	4.174	0.432
OUR	SaINet	0.862	4.239	0.461
POET	SALICON FT[2]	0.695	1.669	0.356
POET	SaINet FT[3]	0.660	1.378	0.300
POET	SaINet	0.715	1.908	0.387

VISUAL WORLD SEMANTICS FOR FINE-GRAINED IMAGE CLASSIFICATION

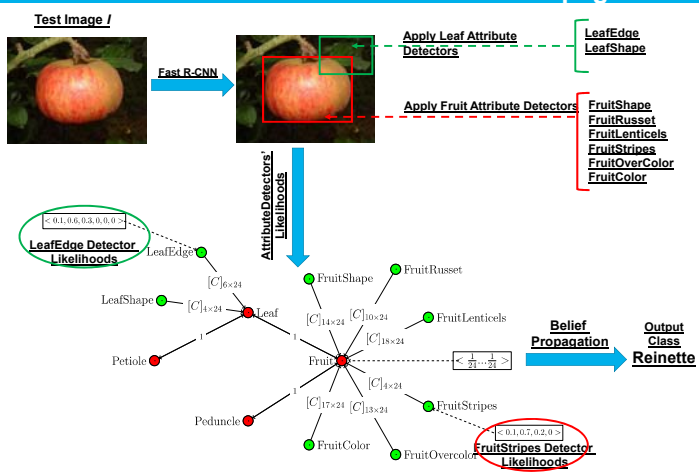
Domain Ontology	Annotation Ontology
Owl classes and properties describing the application domain, i.e. the target class and the context classes	Owl classes and properties necessary to make the ontology readable by the annotation tool



An annotation tool which is able to guide and constrain the annotation process with the concepts encoded in the domain ontology



Classification Workflow: from CNN-Detector Likelihoods to Belief Propagation



Performance Analysis

Fruit Dataset					
Malus Domestica		Pyrus Communis		Prunus Avium	
Variety	#img	Variety	#img	Variety	#img
Ambrosia	117	Abate	286	Bing	67
Braeburn	83	Anjou	191	Black Tartarian	45
Cameo	70	Conference	181	Burlat	71
Fuji	181	Coscia	166	Ferrovia	77
Golden Delicious	324	Doyenne du Cormice	77	Lapins	87
Granny Smith	360	Kaiser	111	Rainer	140
Pink Lady	239	Williams	165	Stella	31
Reinette	242				
Royal Gala	150				
Stark Delicious	411				
Total	2185		1177		518
Total Dataset			3872		

Semantic Classification

Method	Accuracy
GoogleNet[4]	43.5%
ResNet[5]	43.1%
DenseNet[6]	46.2%
Ours	48.6%

Key References

[1] Khosla, A., Jayadevaprakash, N., Yao, B., Fei-Fei, L., Novel dataset for fine-grained image categorization, in: CVPRW 2011.
 [2] Huang, X., Shen, C., Boix, X., Zhao, Q., Salicon: Reducing the semantic gap in saliency prediction by adapting deep neural networks, in: ICCV 2015
 [3] Pan, J., Sayrol, E., Giro-i Nieto, X., McGuinness, K., O'Connor, N.E., 2016. Shallow and deep convolutional networks for saliency prediction, in: CVPR 2016
 [4] Szegedy, C., Liu, W., Jia, Y., Sermanet, P., Reed, S., Anguelov, D., Rabinovich, A. Going deeper with convolutions, in CVPR 2015
 [5] He, K., Zhang, X., Ren, S., & Sun, J. Deep residual learning for image recognition, in CVPR 2016
 [6] Huang, G., Liu, Z., Van Der Maaten, L., & Weinberger, K. Q. Densely Connected Convolutional Networks, in CVPR 2017